There were 7 CAAs, serving 20,696 people with low incomes who were living in 10,222 families.

CAAs served 3,525 people who lacked healthcare, 3,224 people who reported having a disability, 1,883 senior citizens, 7,442 children living in poverty, and 644 veterans.

For every $1 of CSBG, North Dakota’s CAAs leveraged $8.10 from federal, state, local and private sources, including the value of volunteer hours.

- $3,202,174 in CSBG funds were allocated in support of CAAs in North Dakota in FY19.
- Including, all leveraged funds North Dakota had $28,797,475 available to the CAA network to improve the lives of people with low incomes in FY19.

- 4 CAAs in North Dakota also operate the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP).
- 7 CAAs in North Dakota also operate the Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP).
- 3 CAAs in North Dakota also operate a Head Start Program.

Community Action Agencies utilize a Results Oriented Management and Accountability system that is strategically designed to ensure accountability and improve performance management. In FY19 there were 5 ROMA professionals available in the network to help agencies with planning, reporting, data analysis and evaluation.

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For FFY 2019:

There were 47,230 hours of volunteer time donated to CAAs in North Dakota.

What kind of RESOURCES do CAAs have?

Community Action Agencies leverage several other federal, state, local and other private funds.

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*Value of Volunteer Hours calculated using federal minimum wage, except in those states with a higher minimum wage.

**Values may not equal total due to rounding.
Community Action Agencies utilize CSBG funds to address specific local needs through services and programs that address one or more of the core domains in which we work: employment, education and cognitive development, income, infrastructure and asset building, housing, health and social behavioral development, and civic engagement and community involvement.

**Employment**
56 outcomes were obtained in the employment domain. This includes outcomes such as obtaining and maintaining a job, increasing income, and obtaining benefits.

**Education**
2,895 outcomes were obtained in the education and cognitive development domain. This includes outcomes such as improved literacy skills, school readiness, and obtaining additional education and diplomas.

**Income**
246 outcomes were obtained in the income and asset building domain. This includes outcomes such as maintaining a budget, opening a savings account, increasing assets and net worth, and improving financial well-being.

**Housing**
7,035 outcomes were obtained in the housing domain. This includes outcomes such as obtaining and maintaining housing, avoiding eviction or foreclosure, and reducing energy burden.

**Health**
14,484 outcomes were obtained in the health and social/behavioral development domain. This includes outcomes such as increasing nutrition skills, improving physical or mental health, and living independently.

**Civic Engagement**
125 outcomes were obtained in the civic engagement and community involvement domain. This includes outcomes such as increasing leadership skills, and improving social networks.

This data is marked as preliminary until the release of the FFY19 CSBG Report to Congress. This publication was created by the National Association for State Community Services Programs in the performance of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Office of Community Services, Grant Number 90ET0468. Any opinion, findings, and conclusions, or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families.